

SCIENTIST PROFILE



1. Name & Designation : Dr. Lipi Das, Senior Scientist
2. Date of Birth : 1st July, 1969
3. Date of joining ICAR : 5th April, 2000
4. Date of joining the present post : 5th April, 2009
5. Qualification (highest degree) : Ph.D
6. Post Doctoral Research Experience/Training:
 - Advances in Extension Research (Winter School) for 21 days at IARI, New Delhi during the year 2003.
 - Advanced tools and techniques for project formulation, implementation and evaluation (Winter School) for 21 days at OUAT, Bhubaneswar during the year 2009.
 - In-country Trainers' Training on Participatory Varietal Selection (PVS) under IRRI-Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation Project (IRRI Sponsored) at CRRI, Cuttack for 3 days in the 2008.
7. Area of Specialization/research interest:
 - Gender issues in Agriculture
 - Participatory Extension Research
 - Women Entrepreneurship Development
8. Significant Contribution including products and patents (Five bullets):
 - Gender Empowerment Index
 - Women Entrepreneurship Development through Self Help Groups
 - Appropriateness of rice varieties developed, operationalized and quantified
 - Developed concept on Participatory Index for KVK training programme
 - Development of Model village and through participatory research and appropriate institutional mechanism
9. Awards/Honours:
 - Best Worker Award in Scientific Category for contributions during 2006-2008 by CRRI, Cuttack.
 - Best Poster Presentation Award by ARRW, Cuttack in National Symposium on "Research Priorities and Strategies in Rice Production System for Second Green Revolution" during 20-22 Nov., 2007 held at CRRI, Cuttack.
 - Best Poster Presentation Award by ARRW, Cuttack in National Symposium on "Recent Advances in Rice-Based Farming Systems" during 17-19 November, 2004 held at CRRI, Cuttack.
 - Young Scientist Award by Jyoti the Flame, Cuttack during 2007.
10. Publications (10 best):
 - i. **Das Lipi**, Sadang BN, Mishra SK and Kar MK (2011). Extent of adoption of CRRI rice varieties for lowland and their appropriateness as perceived by growers. **Oryza** 48(4): 370-374.
 - ii. **Das Lipi**, Rath NC and Mishra SK (2010). Appropriateness of improved rice cultivation technologies for upland ecosystem. **Indian Research Journal of Extension Education** 10(1): 29-32.

- iii. **Das Lipi**, Mishra S K and Rath NC (2008). Tribal livelihood and gender empowerment in rice-based farming system. **Oryza** 45(2): 142-146, 2008.
- iv. **Das Lipi**, Mishra S K and Rath NC (2006). Decent Work and Employment of Women Agriculture. **Kurukshetra** 54(7): 21-28.
- v. **Das Lipi**, SahaS, Mishra SK, Rath NC and Dani RC (2005). Impact Assessment of OFTs on Integrated Crop Management Techniques: A Holistic Approach with Upland Rice Growers. **Oryza** 42(4): 301-305.
- vi. **Das Lipi**, Verma HN and Kar G (2003). Sustainable management of land and water resources through Indigenous Technological Knowledge. **Asian Agri-History** 7(4): 313-318.
- vii. **Das Lipi**, Mishra SK and Rath NC (2003). Delineation of Areas of Decision-Making by Tribal Farmwomen in Farm and Home Management. **Journal of Extension Education, OUAT VIII(1&2)**: 133-137.
- viii. **Das Lipi** and Mishra SK (2003). Influence of Personal and Socio-Economic Characteristics of Tribal Women on their Participation Level in Farm and Home Activities. **Journal of Extension Education, OUAT VIII(1&2)**.
- ix. **Das Lipi** and Mishra SK (2002). Training Needs of Tribal Women in Farm and Home Activities. **Agricultural Extension Review** 14(2): 3-9.
- x. **Das Lipi**, Mishra SK, Burman RR, Nayak AK, Mahanta KK, Nagrare V and Doley S. (2002). Problem Identification through Participatory Rural Appraisal. **Indian Journal of Extension Education** 38(3&4): 226-230.